

Version: 8.0

Question: 1

Which command revokes ACL-based write access for groups and named users on the file afile?

- A. setfacl -x group: * : rx, user:*: rx afile
- B. setfacl -x mask: : rx afile
- C. setfacl ~m mask: : rx afile
- D. setfacl ~m group: * : rx, user:*: rx afile

Answer: C

Question: 2

Which of the following authentication methods was added to NFS in version 4?

- A. Kerberos authentication
- B. SSH hostkey authentication
- C. Winbind authentication
- D. SSL certificate authentication

Answer: A

Question: 3

Which of the following access control models is established by using SELinux?

- A. Security Access Control (SAC)
- B. Group Access Control (GAC)
- C. User Access Control (UAC)
- D. Discretionary Access Control (DAC)
- E. Mandatory Access Control (MAC)

Answer: E

Question: 4

Which command is used to run a new shell for a user changing the SELinux context? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

Answer: newrole

<https://www.centos.org/docs/5/html/DeployrnenLGuide-en-US/sec-sel-admincontrol.html>

Question: 5

What option of mount.cifs specifies the user that appears as the local owner of the files of a mounted CIFS share when the server does not provide ownership information? (Specify ONLY the option name without any values or parameters.)

Answer: uid=arg

<http://linux.die.net/man/8/mount.cifs>

Question: 6

What happens when the command `getfattr afile` is run while the file `afile` has no extended attributes set?

- A. `getfattr` prints a warning and exits with a values of 0.
- B. `getfattr` prints a warning and exits with a value of 1.
- C. No output is produced and `getfattr` exits with a value of 0.
- D. No outputs is produced and `getfattr` exits with a value of 1

Answer: C
